**Economics I** 

017

15 Nov.2012 2pm - 5pm

REPUBLIC OF RWANDA



RWANDA EDUCATION BOARD (REB)

ADVANCED LEVEL NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS 2012

SUBJECT : ECONOMICS

PAPER I: BASIC PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS

COMBINATION(S): HISTORY- ECONOMICS-GEOGRAPHY: HEG

HISTORY- ECONOMICS-LITERATURE: HEL

LITERATURE- ECONOMICS-GEOGRAPHY: LEG

MATHEMATICS-ECONOMICS-GEOGRAPHY: MEG

MATHEMATICS-COMPUTER-SCIENCE-ECONOMICS: MCE

PHYSICS-ECONOMICS-MATHEMATICS: PEM

**DURATION:** 

3 HOURS

## **INSTRUCTIONS:**

This paper consists of TWO sections A and B.

Section A: Answer ALL questions.

(55 marks)

Section B: Answer any THREE questions of your choice. (45 marks)

## SECTION A: Attempt all questions (55 marks)

1. a) What are the three fundamental economic problems?	
b) Give four reasons to explain the impact	(3 mark
b) Give four reasons to explain the importance of studying Economics?	(4mark
2. Giving examples of each differentiate between merit and demerit goods.	(4 mark:
3. What do you understand by:	
a) Scale of preference?	
b) Aggregate supply?	(1 marl
요즘 이번에 있으니 살아왔다면서요요요 이 이번 사람들이 가면 가지 않아 나를 다 했다.	(1 mark
4. a) Differentiate between open market and free market.	
b) Market is classified into market type and market atmostume	(2 marks
Put the following markets into the above classifications:	
i) Market for beans	(2 marks
ii) Perfect market	
iii) Capital market	
iv) Market for shoes	
c) Give four disadvantages of a Monopolistic competition market.	(4 marks)
5. a) What are distinctive features of capital?	
b) Give the distinguishing features between	(3 marks)
b) Give the distinguishing features between a variable and fixed factor of productio 1.	
[발발보험생물보다] ( ^ 4 5 1 7 1) 등이 보고 이번 필요이다. 인터넷 방법 ( 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(2 marks)
6. a) What is:	
i) Trade gap?	
ii) Supra-National Organizations?	(1 mark)
프로마이 경우 기계를 보고 보고 있다. 이번 사람들은 모든 사람들이 되는 사람들이 되는 사람들이 되었다. 그 없는 사람들이 되었다. 그 없는 사람들이 되었다면 되었다. 그렇게 되었다면 보다는 사람들이 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면	(1 mark)
b) Give any four ways by which countries restrict trade among themselves	
	4 marks)
7. a) Explain how the use of money has	
7. a) Explain how the use of money has solved the problem of barter trade sy	stem.
우리 해보다 하다는 경계에 있어요. 그리고 있는데 하는 그들은 이에 가는 그림을 살아야 하는 이렇게 살아갔다.	

(4 marks)

- b) Give any three qualities that money must posses in order to perform its functions. (3 marks) 8. a) Giving any three examples, explain what you understand by external economies (4 marks) of scale. b) What three advantages does a firm which practices division of labour enjoy? (3 marks) 9. a) What do you understand by piece wage system and what is its main objective? (2 marks) b) Mention any two advantages and two disadvantages of piece wage system. (4 marks) (1 mark) 10. a) What is meant by the tax structure of a country? (2 marks) b) Differentiate between an income and a consumption tax. SECTION B: ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS OF YOUR CHOICE/45MARKS 11.) a) What is technological unemployment? b) Give reasons why developing countries have failed to create adequate employment opportunities in industrial sector.
- (1 mark)
  - (8marks)
  - c) How is the government of Rwanda trying to create and maintain employment (6 marks) levels?
- 12./a) What is the role of price in free market economy? (5 marks)
  - b) Agriculture is the back-bone of the economies of developing countries. Explain briefly the effects of price fluctuation of agricultural products on their (7 marks) economies.
  - c) Suggest and explain three measures which should be taken by the government of Rwanda to encourage commercial agriculture.

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